

Departure: Every Friday

CN7 7 Days Taipei • Shihfen • Sky Lantern • Chiufen • Alishan •

Kaohsiung Ten Trum • Tainan Capital City • Sun Moon Lake • Taichung

DAY1: Taoyuan Airport/ Taipei



(Taipei Ferrary. Wonstar Ximen II or similar)



(X / X / X)

DAY2: Taipei/ Shihfen-Release Sky Lantern/ Chiufen/ Highway/ Miaoli/ Hakka Museum/ Chiayi



(Chiayi Look. Sun Dialogue or similar)



(B / X / D)

Shihfen Old Street: It does boast the unique attribute of serving as the only old street in Taiwan, which trains pass through on a daily basis. As they happily enjoy gourmet snacking, visitors can enjoy the sight of trains passing along the unfenced railway gates.

Jiufen: It is said that long time ago there were only nine families in Jiufen. Before the roads on land were built, all materials were transported via ships. Thus a habit was formed that nine pieces of same object were purchased at one time for reservation. Hence, the place was called Jiufen.

Hakka Museum: Called "Age of Discovery," the 15th and 16th centuries saw a wave of global migration. At the time, mainland China was in political chaos and economic unrest, and therefore Hakka people moved aggressively to Taiwan. Those Hakka ancestors reclaimed the land and completely settled themselves down in Taiwan, not only practicing the customs and rituals that they had brought from their original hometown but also absorbing the nutrients from the new soil. A diverse and rich Hakka culture has thus burst out in Taiwan!

DAY3: Chiayi/ Alishan National Forest Recreation Area-Sisters Lakes/ Kaohsiung/ Fo Guang Shan Buddha Memorial Center(change to Fo Guang Shan on TUE)/ Night Market



(KHH International Citizen. Golden Pacific or similar)



(B / L / X)

Alishan National Forest Recreation Area: Alishan itself doesn't have a peak and it is actually composed of 18 mountains such as Jialun Mountain, Zhu Mountain, and Data Mountain etc. Alishan is famous for five wonders: the railway, forest, cloud sea, sunrise and sunset glow. The climate doesn't change much through the year, with the average temperature around 10C, and lows of -3 in winter. Cool in summer, it is good place to escape the heat of the lowlands.

Fo Guang Shan Buddha Memorial: The Buddha Museum was constructed with the intention of enshrining the Buddha's relic. The Sanskrit word "sarira" refers to the relics of a sage, which usually appear in crystalized form. The relic is perceived as a sign of the sage's spiritual cultivation over a lifetime.

DAY4: Kaohsiung/ The Pier-2 Art Center/ Ciatou Sugar Factory/ Ten Trum Ciatou Creative Park/ Tainan/ Anping Old Street/ Anping Tree House. TAIT/ Chihkan Tower



(Tainan FX. Dynasty or similar)



(B / L / D)

The Pier-2 Art Center: It was once an abandoned and forgotten warehouse buried in history. However, with a group of persistent artist who injected waves of creativity and inspiration into the area, the Pier-2 area was released and re-born making the region a place where tourist and locals can come together to enjoy fine art. With the collision of an old area and new fine art, Pier-2 becomes an area of new vitality and liveliness.

Qiaotou Sugar Factory: Cane sugar is an important native product of Taiwan, For more than a decade from 1952 through 1964, sugar was Taiwan's leading export commodity and accounted for 74 percent of the nation's total foreign exchange earnings at its peak.

Ten Drum: It was established in October 2010, Ten Drum injection of drum music into new life in cultural heritage, Idle production of sugar warehouse space will be re-created, thus preserving the original appearance of Taiwan's sugar factory history.

Anping Old Street: It is right next to Anping Fort is the first road Dutch people constructed about three hundred years ago, also being called " the first street in Taiwan.

DAY5: Tainan/ Highway/ Nantou/ Aboriginal Product Shop/ Sun Moon Lake-Taking a boat/ Wenwu Temple/Taiwanese tea center/ Taichung/ Night Market



(Taichung Golden Pacific. CU or similar)  (B / L / X)

Sun Moon Lake: The Sun Moon Lake National Scenic Area is praised for its five major recreational systems. Divided by Lalu Island, the Sun Moon Lake scenic area got its name from the unique terrain that looked like a sun on one side and a crescent moon on the other. Crowned as one of the Eight Wonders of Taiwan. Sun Moon Lake is also the most famous source of hydroelectric power.

Wenwu Temple: The architecture of the temple has the palace style of northern China. It is a large and imposing structure.The bronze statue of a seated Confucius makes this also the only Confucius temple in Taiwan that contains an image of the sage.

DAY6: Taichung/ Highway/ Taipei/ Vigor Kobo/ Martyrs' Shrine/ Handicraft Center/ Ximen



(Taoyuan Holiday Inn or Taipei or similar)  (B / L / X)

Martyrs Shrine: The shrine is dedicated to the 390,000 soldiers killed in the service of their country during the War of Resistance against Japan and the civil war between the Chinese Republican and communist forces. A major attraction at the shrine is the hourly ceremony for the changing of the honor guard in front of the main gate.

Ximen: It is the mecca for youth culture. From tatton street to Wannian Plaza accessory shops, cosplay to street dancing. Pop stars often come here for promotional events on weekends.

DAY7: Hotel/ Taoyuan Airport

 (B / X / X)